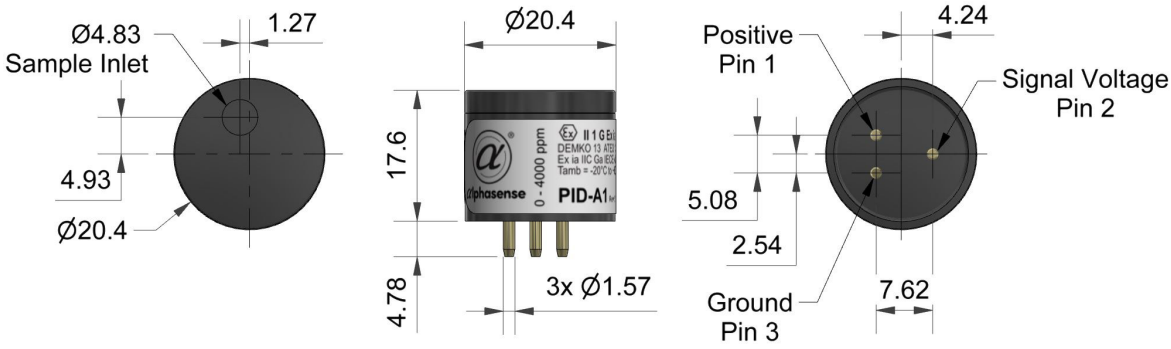
PID-A15 Photo Ionisation Detector

Technical Specification

Figure 1 PID-A15 Schematic Diagram



Notes:
1. Do not obstruct Ø4.83 sensing area
2. Pin out details:
   Pin 1: + V supply
   Pin 2: Signal output
   Pin 3: 0 V supply

3. All dimensions ±0.1mm unless otherwise stated

PERFORMANCE (using 10.6 eV lamp)

Target gases	VOCs with ionisation potentials < 10.6 eV		
Minimum resolution	ppb isobutylene	5% deviation	<100
Linear range	ppm isobutylene		200
Overrange	ppm isobutylene		4,000
Sensitivity minimum range	linear range	mV / ppm Isobutylene	0.69
Sensitivity typical range	linear range	mV / ppm Isobutylene	1.1
Full stabilisation time	minutes to 100 ppb		5
Warm up time	seconds	time to full operation	5
Offset voltage	mV		40~57
Response time (t_{90})	seconds	diffusion mode	2

ELECTRICAL

Power consumption	85 mW ~ 200 mW depending on supply voltage
Supply voltage	3.2 ~ 5.5 VDC
Output signal	0.040~2.85V

ENVIRONMENTAL

Temperature range	-40ºC ~ +55ºC	
Temperature dependence	see chart	
Relative humidity range	Non-condensing	0 to 95%
Humidity sensitivity	During operations: 0% to 75% rh transient	near zero

KEY SPECIFICATIONS

Operating life	5 years (excluding replaceable lamp and electrode stack)
IS Approval	IECEx Ex ia IIC Ga; ATEX II 1 G Ex ia IIC Ga -20ºC < Ta < +60ºC
Onboard filter	To remove liquids and particulates
Lamp	User replaceable
Electrode stack	User replaceable
Weight	< 8g
Position sensitivity	None
Warranty period	Electronics and housing: 24 months Lamp and electrode stack are user replaceable. 10.6eV lamp: 6,000 lit hours

Alphasense Ltd, Sensor Technology House, 300 Avenue West, Skyline 120, Great Notley. CM77 7AA. UK
Telephone: +44 (0) 1376 556 700 Fax: +44 (0) 1376 335 899 E-mail: sensors@alphasense.com Website: www.alphasense.com

PID-A12 Performance Data

Technical Specification

Figure 2 Sensitivity Temperature Dependence

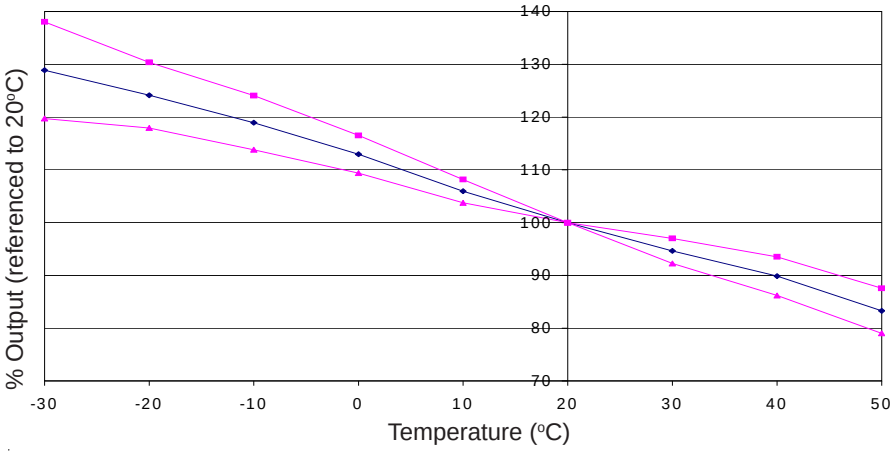
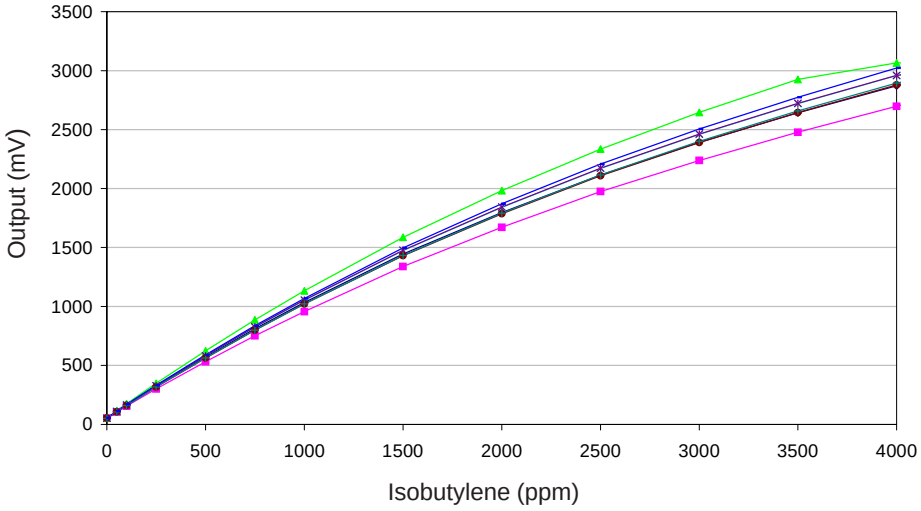


Figure 2 shows the temperature dependence, corrected for the gas law.

This data is taken from a typical batch of PID-A12 sensors tested with 100ppm Isobutylene.

The mean and ±95% confidence intervals are shown.

Figure 3 Linearity to Isobutylene



PID output is non-linear at higher concentrations but is repeatable and can be corrected in software.

Non-linearity correction depends on the VOC being measured.

Table 1: PID Replaceable Parts/Consumables List

Lamp type	Product code	Minimum sensitivity mV/ppm	Minimum range ppm isobutylene	Lamp life lit hours
9.6 eV	001-0030-00	0.25	8,000 (est)	TBD
10.0 eV	001-0030-02	0.15	> 20,000	5,000
10.6 eV (HPPM)	001-0019-04	0.60	4,000	5,000
10.6 eV (LLHS)	001-0030-01	0.60	4,000	5,000
Electrode stack	001-0018-02			
Stack removal tool	001-0020-00			
Lamp spring	001-0023-00			
Lamp cleaning kit	001-0024-00			

Part No	Regulator	Lamp	Usage voltage	Certified
PID-A12	Disabled	HPPM 10.6 eV	3.2 to 3.6	Yes
PID-A12	Enabled	HPPM 10.6 eV	3.6 to 10 **(10.1 to18)**	Yes **(NO)**
PID-A120	Disabled	LLHS 10.6 eV	3.2 to 3.6	Yes
PID-A120	Enabled	LLHS 10.6 eV	3.6 to 10 **(10.1 to18)**	Yes **(NO)**
PID-A129	Disabled	9.6 eV	3.2 to 3.6	Yes
PID-A129	Enabled	9.6 eV	3.6 to 10 **(10.1 to18)**	Yes **(NO)**
PID-A12X	Disabled	10.0 eV	3.2 to 3.6	Yes
PID-A12X	Enabled	10.0 eV	3.6 to 10 **(10.1 to18)**	Yes **(NO)**

NOTE: all sensors are tested at ambient environmental conditions, unless otherwise stated. As applications of use are outside our control, the information provided is given without legal responsibility. Customers should test under their own conditions, to ensure that the sensors are suitable for their own requirements.

At the end of the product's life, do not dispose of any electronic sensor, component or instrument in the domestic waste, but contact the instrument manufacturer, Alphasense or its distributor for disposal instructions.

For further information on the performance of this sensor, on other sensors in the range or any other subject, please contact Alphasense Ltd. For Application Notes visit "www.alphasense.com".